

Boolean Algebra Exercises

pp 1-2 Reference

pp 3-6 Exercises

Boolean Algebra – Operations and Constants

- A AND B = $A \wedge B = AB$
- A OR B = $A \vee B = A+B$
- NOT A = $\neg A = A'$
- TRUE = T = 1
- FALSE = F = 0

Boolean Algebra - Identities

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ■ $A \cdot \text{True} = A$ | ■ $A + \text{True} = \text{True}$ |
| ■ $A \cdot \text{False} = \text{False}$ | ■ $A + \text{False} = A$ |
| ■ $A \cdot A = A$ | ■ $A + A = A$ |
-
- $(A')' = A$
 - $A + A' = \text{True}$
 - $A \cdot A' = \text{False}$

Commutative, Associative, and Distributive Laws

- $AB = BA$ (Commutative)
- $A + B = B + A$
- $A(BC) = (AB)C$ (Associative)
- $A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C$
- $A(B + C) = (AB) + (AC)$ (Distributive)
- $A + (BC) = (A + B)(A + C)$

DeMorgan's Laws

- $(A + B)' = A'B'$
- $(AB)' = A' + B'$

Example: Proving Identities

- Using truth tables, prove:
 - $A + A' = \text{True}$
 - $A \cdot A' = \text{False}$

A	A'	$A + A'$
F	T	T
T	F	T

A	A'	$A \cdot A'$
F	T	F
T	F	F

(One of the) Associative Laws

- Using truth tables, prove
$$A(BC) = (AB)C$$

A	B	C	BC	$A(BC)$	AB	$(AB)C$
F	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	F	F	F
F	T	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	F	F	F	F
T	T	F	F	F	F	F
T	T	T	T	T	T	T

(One of the) Distributive Laws

- Using truth tables, prove

$$A(B + C) = (AB) + (AC)$$

A	B	C	B+C	A(B+C)	AB	AC	(AB)+(AC)
F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	T	F	F	F	F
F	T	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	T	T	F	F	F
T	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	T	T	F	F	F
T	T	F	T	T	T	F	T
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T

Proving DeMorgan's Laws (a)

- Using truth tables, prove $(A + B)' = A'B'$

A	B	A+B	(A+B)'
F	F	F	T
F	T	T	F
T	F	T	F
T	T	T	F

A	B	A'	B'	A'B'
F	F	T	T	F
F	T	T	F	F
T	F	F	T	F
T	T	F	F	F

Proving DeMorgan's Laws (b)

- Prove the 2nd of DeMorgan's Laws:

$$(AB)' = A' + B'$$

A	B	AB	(AB)'
F	F	F	T
F	T	F	T
T	F	F	T
T	T	T	F

A	B	A'	B'	A' + B'
F	F	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	T
T	F	F	T	T
T	T	F	F	F

Exercise: A (A + B)

A	B	A + B	A(A + B)
F	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
T	F	T	F
T	T	T	T

What have we proved in this table?

Exercise: Boolean Algebra

- Exercise - Using the Distributive Property, Identities, and your result from the previous exercise, prove:

$$\text{1. } A + (AB) = A$$

$$\text{2. } A + (AB)$$

=

Exercise: Using DeMorgan's Laws

- Exercise – Using Boolean Algebra, including DeMorgan's Laws, prove:

$$\text{1. } (A'B)' = A + B'$$

$$\text{2. } (A'B)'$$

$$= ((A')B)' \quad \text{(add parentheses)}$$

=